

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>Phosphoric Acid <math>\geq 70\%</math></b>
<b>Other Names</b>	Phosphoric acid, 70%; Phosphoric acid, 75%; Phosphoric acid, 81%; Phosphoric acid, 85%
<b>Uses</b>	Food additives; Intermediate; Laboratory chemicals; Descaling compound/Scale solvent; Corrosion inhibitors; pH-corrective agent; Processing aid; Degreasing agent; Fertiliser; Metal surface treatment.
<b>Chemical Family</b>	No Data Available
<b>Chemical Formula</b>	H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
<b>Chemical Name</b>	Phosphoric acid, $\geq 70\%$ aqueous solution
<b>Product Description</b>	No Data Available

### Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

### Emergency Contact Details

*For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.*

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Schedule 6

**Globally Harmonised System**

**Hazard Classification** Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

**Hazard Categories** Corrosive to Metals - Category 1  
 Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4  
 Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4  
 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B  
 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

**Pictograms**



**Signal Word** Danger

**Hazard Statements**

**H290** May be corrosive to metals.  
**H314** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
**H302 + H332** Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

<b>Precautionary Statements</b>	Prevention	<b>P260</b>	Do not breathe mist/vapour/spray.
		<b>P270</b>	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
		<b>P271</b>	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
		<b>P280</b>	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection and suitable respirator.
		<b>P234</b>	Keep only in original packaging.
		Response	<b>P303 + P361 + P353</b>
	<b>P310</b>		Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
	<b>P305 + P351 + P338</b>		IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	<b>P390</b>		Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
	<b>P301 + P330 + P331</b>		IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	<b>P363</b>		Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	<b>P304 + P340</b>		IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	Storage		<b>P405</b>
	Disposal	<b>P501</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations.

**National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

**Dangerous Goods Classification** Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

**Safe Work Australia**

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

## Hazard Classification

Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Phosphoric acid	H3PO4	7664-38-2	$\geq 70\%$
Water	H2O	7732-18-5	$\leq 30\%$

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

<b>Swallowed</b>	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediate medical attention is required. Call an ambulance for transportation to hospital.
<b>Eye</b>	IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Avoid contaminating unaffected eye! Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue eye irrigation during transport. *All eye exposures to acid require medical evaluation following decontamination.
<b>Skin</b>	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin and hair with running water for at least 15 minutes. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Immediately call a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor for emergency medical advice. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Immediate medical attention is required. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue skin irrigation during transport.
<b>Inhaled</b>	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor for emergency medical advice. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue skin irrigation during transport. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital.
<b>Advice to Doctor</b>	Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Keep victim calm and warm. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance. The extent of injury depends on duration of exposure and concentration of liquid. Do not attempt to use chemicals to neutralize the exposure. *Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure</b>	No information available.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>General Measures</b>	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out. Avoid getting water inside containers. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material.
<b>Flammability Conditions</b>	Non-combustible; substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.
<b>Extinguishing Media</b>	If material is involved in a fire, use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use a heavy water

stream.

<b>Fire and Explosion Hazard</b>	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Containers may explode when heated. Reacts violently with water. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and corrosive fumes.
<b>Hazardous Products of Combustion</b>	Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Phosphorous oxides.
<b>Special Fire Fighting Instructions</b>	Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may be corrosive and/or toxic and cause pollution.
<b>Personal Protective Equipment</b>	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear chemical protective clothing - It may provide little or no thermal protection. Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.
<b>Flash Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Lower Explosion Limit</b>	No Data Available
<b>Upper Explosion Limit</b>	No Data Available
<b>Auto Ignition Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	2R

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>General Response Procedure</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Ensure adequate ventilation - Ventilate enclosed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe mist/vapours and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
<b>Clean Up Procedures</b>	Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a suitable container for disposal (see SECTION 13). *Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
<b>Containment</b>	Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Move containers from spill area.
<b>Decontamination</b>	After cleaning, flush away any residual traces with water. *Neutralize acids by applying basic substances (soda ash or lime) or use an acid spill kit. Adequate ventilation is required if soda ash is used, because of the consequent release of carbon dioxide gas.
<b>Environmental Precautionary Measures</b>	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Small spillages and decontamination run-off may be washed to drains with large quantities of water - Due care must be exercised to avoid unnecessary pollution of watercourses. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
<b>Evacuation Criteria</b>	Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher ground.
<b>Personal Precautionary Measures</b>	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (see SECTION 8).

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation - Handle the material in a fume hood/cupboard or under local exhaust ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection and suitable respirator (see SECTION 8). CORROSIVE: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage (see SECTION 6). *When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Never use hot water and never add water to the acid - Water added to acid can cause uncontrolled boiling and splashing.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Keep container closed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect from physical damage. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10), food and feedstuffs. Store in accordance with local regulations. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store locked up.
<b>Container</b>	Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

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\*Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Flammable concentrations of vapour may accumulate in the headspace of containers.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

<b>General</b>	COMPONENT: Phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; STEL = 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li><li>- New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard: TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li><li>- OSHA PEL: TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li><li>- NIOSH REL: TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; STEL = 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li><li>- Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH) concentration: 1,000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</li></ul>
<b>Exposure Limits</b>	No Data Available
<b>Biological Limits</b>	No information available.
<b>Engineering Measures</b>	<p>A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.</p> <p>*Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</p>
<b>Personal Protection Equipment</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection if, determined by a risk assessment, an inhalation risk exists. Recommended: Wear a suitable particulate/mist filter, full-facepiece respirator; Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece or self-contained breathing apparatus (refer to AS/NZS 1715 &amp; 1716).</li><li>- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. Recommended: Chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.</li><li>- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Elbow-length impervious gloves, e.g. Butyl rubber (0.7 mm), Chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm), Viton (0.4 mm), Natural rubber (0.5 mm), Neoprene (0.5 mm). Do not use leather gloves.</li><li>- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Recommended: Overalls, splash apron or equivalent chemical impervious (acid-resistant) outer garment, rubber boots. Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li></ul>
<b>Special Hazards Precautions</b>	Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.
<b>Work Hygienic Practices</b>	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, drinking, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Appearance</b>	Clear liquid
<b>Odour</b>	Odourless or acidic odour
<b>Colour</b>	Colourless
<b>pH</b>	<2
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	0.75 kPa (for 75%) (@ 20 °C)
<b>Relative Vapour Density</b>	>1 Air = 1
<b>Boiling Point</b>	135 - 158 °C
<b>Melting Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Freezing Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Solubility</b>	Miscible with water
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	1.58 - 1.81

<b>Flash Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Auto Ignition Temp</b>	No Data Available
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Bulk Density</b>	No Data Available
<b>Corrosion Rate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Density</b>	No Data Available
<b>Specific Heat</b>	No Data Available
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	No Data Available
<b>Net Propellant Weight</b>	No Data Available
<b>Octanol Water Coefficient</b>	No Data Available
<b>Particle Size</b>	No Data Available
<b>Partition Coefficient</b>	No Data Available
<b>Saturated Vapour Concentration</b>	No Data Available
<b>Vapour Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Viscosity</b>	No Data Available
<b>Volatile Percent</b>	No Data Available
<b>VOC Volume</b>	No Data Available
<b>Additional Characteristics</b>	Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.
<b>Potential for Dust Explosion</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics</b>	No information available.
<b>Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials</b>	No information available.
<b>Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire</b>	Reacts violently with water. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and corrosive fumes.
<b>Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity</b>	Non-combustible; substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.
<b>Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours</b>	Fire or heat will produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Phosphorus.
<b>Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases</b>	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>General Information</b>	The substance is a medium-strong acid; Reacts violently with bases. Reacts with metals liberating flammable hydrogen gas.
<b>Chemical Stability</b>	Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Avoid formation of mists/aerosols. Avoid overheating.
<b>Materials to Avoid</b>	Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, reducing agents, sulfides, phosphides, cyanides, acetylides, fluorides, silicides, carbides, strong caustic material, alloys, glass, leather, natural rubber, fluorine gas, arsenic trioxide.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including oxides of Phosphorus.
<b>Hazardous Polymerisation</b>	Will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**General Information**

Information on toxicological effects:

- Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- Eye damage irritation: Causes serious eye damage.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified - Negative [OECD 471; Supplier's SDS].
- Carcinogenicity: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
- Reproductive toxicity: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
- STOT (single exposure): Not classified.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified.
- Aspiration toxicity: No significant hazards.

Information on likely routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. CORROSIVE: May irritate or burn mouth, throat, stomach, oesophagus. May cause abdominal pain, chest pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, seizures, haemorrhaging, permanent damage.
- Eye contact: CORROSIVE: May cause ulcerations, conjunctivitis, permanent eye damage, blindness.
- Skin contact: CORROSIVE: May cause inflammation of this skin, ulceration, permanent skin damage.
- Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Phosphoric acid has a low vapour pressure at room temperature and is not expected to present a significant inhalation hazard under ambient conditions. Phosphoric acid can, however, be irritating to the respiratory tract if inhaled as a mist or if the material is vaporized. Vapours or mists may irritate or burn respiratory tract, nose, mouth, throat. May cause persistent coughing, pulmonary edema, chemical pneumonitis, permanent damage. Effects may be delayed.

Chronic effects: No information available.

**Acute****Ingestion**

Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: Phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2):  
 - LD50, Rat: >300 - <=2,000 mg/kg bw. [OECD 423].

**Other**

Acute toxicity (Dermal):

COMPONENT: Phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2):  
 - LD50, Rabbit: 2,740 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

**Inhalation**

Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

COMPONENT: Phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2):  
 - LD50, Rat: >850 mg/m3 (1 h) [Supplier's SDS].

**Carcinogen Category**

None

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Ecotoxicity**

Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

**Persistence/Degradability**

No information available.

**Mobility**

No information available.

**Environmental Fate**

May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

\*While acidity of this material may be reduced readily in natural waters, the phosphate may persist indefinitely. Phosphates are plant nutrients and may contribute to the growth of phytoplankton in water.

**Bioaccumulation Potential**

No information available.

**Environmental Impact**

No Data Available

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****General Information**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully

compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Special Precautions for Land Fill**

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****Land Transport (Australia)**

ADG Code

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>EPG</b>	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (Canada)**

TDGR

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>ERG</b>	154 Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (Fiji)**

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>EPG</b>	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (Malaysia)**

ADR Code

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances



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<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>EPG</b>	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (Mexico)**

NOMs

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>ERG</b>	154 Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (New Zealand)**

NZS5433

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>EPG</b>	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (Papua New Guinea)**

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>EPG</b>	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R
<b>Pack Group</b>	III
<b>Special Provision</b>	No Data Available

**Land Transport (United States of America)**

US DOT

<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
<b>Class</b>	8 Corrosive Substances
<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	No Data Available
<b>ERG</b>	154 Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)
<b>UN Number</b>	1805
<b>Hazchem</b>	2R

**Pack Group** III  
**Special Provision** No Data Available

**Sea Transport**

IMDG Code

**Proper Shipping Name** PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION  
**Class** 8 Corrosive Substances  
**Subsidiary Risk(s)** No Data Available  
**UN Number** 1805  
**Hazchem** 2R  
**Pack Group** III  
**Special Provision** No Data Available  
**EMS** F-A, S-B  
**Marine Pollutant** No

**Air Transport**

IATA DGR

**Proper Shipping Name** PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION  
**Class** 8 Corrosive Substances  
**Subsidiary Risk(s)** No Data Available  
**UN Number** 1805  
**Hazchem** 2R  
**Pack Group** III  
**Special Provision** No Data Available

**National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road &amp; Rail (ADG Code)

**Dangerous Goods Classification** Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**General Information** PHOSPHORIC ACID  
**Poisons Schedule (Aust)** Schedule 6

**Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

**Approval Code** HSR001545

**National/Regional Inventories**

**Australia (AIC)** Listed  
**Canada (DSL)** Listed

Canada (NDSL)	Not Determined
China (IECSC)	Listed
Europe (EINECS)	Listed
Europe (REACH)	Not Determined
Japan (ENCS/METI)	Listed
Korea (KECI)	Listed
Malaysia (EHS Register)	Not Determined
New Zealand (NZIoC)	Listed
Philippines (PICCS)	Listed
Switzerland (Giftlist 1)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Inventory of Notified Substances)	Not Determined
Taiwan (NCSR)	Listed
USA (TSCA)	Listed

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

<b>Related Product Codes</b>	PHACID0020, PHACID0100, PHACID0115, PHACID0116, PHACID0117, PHACID0118, PHACID0200, PHACID0202, PHACID0222, PHACID0258, PHACID0300, PHACID0301, PHACID0310, PHACID0311, PHACID0320, PHACID0321, PHACID0325, PHACID0405, PHACID0410, PHACID0411, PHACID0415, PHACID0420, PHACID0430, PHACID0440, PHACID0441, PHACID0450, PHACID0470, PHACID0900, PHACID0910, PHACID0925, PHACID0990, PHACID1027, PHACID1051, PHACID1052, PHACID1053, PHACID1058, PHACID1059, PHACID1060, PHACID1061, PHACID1066, PHACID1067, PHACID1068, PHACID1069, PHACID1070, PHACID1071, PHACID1073, PHACID1074, PHACID1075, PHACID1078, PHACID1079, PHACID1082, PHACID1084, PHACID1085, PHACID1086, PHACID1088, PHACID1089, PHACID1090, PHACID1091, PHACID1092, PHACID1093, PHACID1094, PHACID1095, PHACID1096, PHACID1097, PHACID1105, PHACID1234, PHACID2250, PHACID2350, PHACID2800, PHACID2802, PHACID3010, PHACID3330, PHACID3800, PHACID4000, PHACID4004, PHACID4005, PHACID4006, PHACID4309, PHACID4310, PHACID4311, PHACID4316, PHACID4319, PHACID4320, PHACID4321, PHACID4323, PHACID6052, PHACID6055, PHACID6056, PHACID6600, PHACID6602, PHACID6900, PHACID7800, PHACID8000, PHACID8111, PHACID8112, PHACID8591, PHACID8600, PHACID8602, PHACID8607, PHACID8620, PHACID8700, PHACID8701, PHACID8702, PHACID8704, PHACID8705, PHACID8707, PHACID8708, PHACID8709, PHACID8710, PHACID8800, PHACID8802, PHACID9500, PHACID9650
<b>Revision</b>	3
<b>Revision Date</b>	09 Mar 2023
<b>Key/Legend</b>	<p>&lt; Less Than &gt; Greater Than</p> <p><b>AICS</b> Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances  <b>atm</b> Atmosphere  <b>CAS</b> Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)  <b>cm<sup>2</sup></b> Square Centimetres  <b>CO<sub>2</sub></b> Carbon Dioxide  <b>COD</b> Chemical Oxygen Demand  <b>deg C (°C)</b> Degrees Celcius  <b>EPA (New Zealand)</b> Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand  <b>deg F (°F)</b> Degrees Farenheit  <b>g</b> Grams  <b>g/cm<sup>3</sup></b> Grams per Cubic Centimetre  <b>g/l</b> Grams per Litre</p>

## SAFETY DATA SHEET PHOSPHORIC ACID $\geq 70\%$ REVISION 3, DATE 09 MAR 2023

**HSNO** Hazardous Substance and New Organism

**IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

**immiscible** Liquids are insoluble in each other.

**inHg** Inch of Mercury

**inH<sub>2</sub>O** Inch of Water

**K** Kelvin

**kg** Kilogram

**kg/m<sup>3</sup>** Kilograms per Cubic Metre

**lb** Pound

**LC<sub>50</sub>** LC stands for lethal concentration. LC<sub>50</sub> is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

**LD<sub>50</sub>** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD<sub>50</sub> is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

**ltr** or **L** Litre

**m<sup>3</sup>** Cubic Metre

**mbar** Millibar

**mg** Milligram

**mg/24H** Milligrams per 24 Hours

**mg/kg** Milligrams per Kilogram

**mg/m<sup>3</sup>** Milligrams per Cubic Metre

**Misc** or **Miscible** Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

**mm** Millimetre

**mmH<sub>2</sub>O** Millimetres of Water

**mPa.s** Millipascals per Second

**N/A** Not Applicable

**NIOSH** National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

**NOHSC** National Occupational Health and Safety Commission

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**Oz** Ounce

**PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

**Pa** Pascal

**ppb** Parts per Billion

**ppm** Parts per Million

**ppm/2h** Parts per Million per 2 Hours

**ppm/6h** Parts per Million per 6 Hours

**psi** Pounds per Square Inch

**R** Rankine

**RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

**TLV** Threshold Limit Value

**tne** Tonne

**TWA** Time Weighted Average

**ug/24H** Micrograms per 24 Hours

**UN** United Nations

**wt** Weight